## **Online Course Framework Checklist**

Use this checklist to help develop a pedagogically-strong framework for your online course. For additional resources, see: cte.siu.edu/d2lhelp/faculty/ including a detailed document on "Building Your Online Course Framework" and a "Quality Check" for building engaging online courses.

De	signin	g your	Course		
	Cour	se Out	line: Develop an outline for your content that lists the main headings, topics, & subtopics that		
	you plan to cover.				
	Learning Objectives: List the learning objective(s) for each topic. Use measurable terms to describe the				
	desired outcomes you want from your students after completing the course.				
	Lesso	n Ma <sub>l</sub>	pping: Associate each topic to a learning objective.		
	Topic Assessment: Identify the way(s) you plan to check your students' learning based on the learning				
	objed	ctive(s)	).		
			Assignments: (1) Describe student task, activity, or project, (2) Identify what criteria you will use		
			to grade it, (3) Determine whether the assignment is for individual submission (Dropbox Tool) or		
			to be shared with classmates (Discussions Tool).		
			<b>Discussion Questions</b> : (1) List the questions, (2) Identify what criteria you will use to grade each discussion topic.		
			<b>Group Projects</b> : (1) Describe the project, (2) Determine whether the completed product should		
			be submitted individually by each student or a single submission as a group, (3) Identify what		
			criteria you will use to grade it.		
			Test Questions: (1) In a separate document (unless it already exists online) write the test		
			questions, (2) Provide the correct answer(s), (3) Identify how many points each question is		
			worth, (4) Provide any reference information or feedback for each question/answer choice, if		
			desired.		
			Other		
	□ T	opic lı	<b>ntroduction:</b> Introduce each topic & transition between topics. This might be a few sentences or		
	р	aragra	aphs, an audio podcast, or a video recording. Identify to your students the learning objective for		
	this topic.				
			t: This is the core of your content (typically the content covered in a face-to-face class). You may		
	С		one or multiple teaching strategies for presenting content.		
			Lecture Pages (Microsoft Word, PDF, HTML)		
			Lecture Recordings (Panopto, Tutorials)		
			Synchronous Lectures (Web Conferencing such as Adobe Connect, Fuze Meeting)		
			No Lectures/Seminar Format (Chat, Discussions, Collaborative Activities)		
			Other (Alternatives methods for students to acquire and collect information.)		
		-	ummary: Summarize the main point(s) of each topic. This might be a few sentences or many		
	•	•	aphs, an audio podcast, or a video recording. Consider explaining why this information was		
			ant and/or how it links to what they will learn next.		
			e & Feedback: Create strong learning experiences by identifying ways that your students can		
	•	practice/apply this new information from each topic. You may choose to combine topics into a practice			
	a		. Make sure that you have incorporated methods to provide feedback.		
			Reflection Activities: Writing assignment, discussion, blog, case study, document observation, etc.		
			Visual Activities: Search visual examples, record videos, explore virtual sites, create concept		
			maps, etc.		

		<b>Hands-on Activities:</b> Develop a presentation, engage in role play, interact with simulations, etc.			
		<b>Discussions</b> : Engage students in asynchronous dialogue and apply what you have taught to new			
		situations. Consider letting them dialog about topics they are interested in.			
		Interactive Activities: Add interactive activities (such as flash cards, games, etc.) for students to			
		engage with the content and practice.			
		<b>Practice Test</b> : Provide practice tests for students to check their understanding with immediate			
		built in feedback.			
		Assignments: Have students submit a paper or presentation and provide feedback.			
		<b>Group Projects</b> : Create activities where students work in groups.			
		Other			
	Additio	onal Resources: Identify additional resources that students can refer to. Include any additional			
	lessons	or resources, if applicable, for pre-requisite instruction, additional practice, and/or advanced			
	learnin	g.			
		Glossary: Provide terminology.			
		Media: Provide images, audio, podcasts, video materials, etc.			
		<b>Links</b> : Have students review websites to see examples, additional information, and concepts			
		presented in a different way.			
		Readings: Identify any supplemental articles and links to articles in the Library's Electronic			
		Reserves.			
	Course	Course Wrap-Up: Create a topic or lesson devoted to summarizing your course. This is the conclusion to			
	your co	ourse and should bring all the key points together and show the "big picture". What can students			
	take av	vay from this course that will be useful for them in the future? Help them see the relevance.			
Manag	ing you	r Online Course			
	Student Access: Determine when you want your students to first access your course. Do you need				
	studen	ts to access materials or do work prior to the first day? (Default start date is the same in Banner.)			
	Pre-Course Survey: Administer a survey (if applicable) to learn more about your students before				
	beginn	ing class. What do they know and don't know? What technology do they have access to? When			
	do they	y plan to usually be online & doing work?			
	Syllabus: You will need to develop a syllabus specifically designed for your online course. (Convert the				
	file to F	PDF or HTML format)			
	Welcome/Introduction: Create a course introduction either through text, audio, or video.				
	Course	<b>Tour</b> : Provide information to students on how to navigate the course, introduce the technology,			
	and inc	clude links to technical help and tutorials. Share the following link with students for technical help			
	includi	ng online tutorials cte.siu.edu/d2lhelp/students/			
	Expect	ations: Establish a clear understanding between students on your expectations of their online			
	perforr	mance. Include instructions on what students should do when technology fails (because it will			
	happer	n sometimes).			
	Instruc	tor Presence: Be present and available from the beginning. Schedule time to be online and in the			
	course	to check student progress, answer questions, and stay in touch with your students. Make a			
	commi	tment to students on a reasonable response time on emails, graded assignments, etc			

